WHO International Standard
Thyroid-Stimulating Hormone, Human, Pituitary (4th WHO
International Standard)
NIBSC code: 81/615
Instructions for use
(Version 1.0, Dated 23/10/2023)

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1. INTENDED USE

The WHO International Standard for Thyroid-Stimulating Hormone (TSH) is intended for the calibration and monitoring of TSH immunoassays. This preparation, coded 81/615, was established as the 4th WHO International Standard for TSH by the Expert Committee for Biological Standarsiation of the WHO in October 2023. It replaces the 3rd WHO International Standard, coded 81/565. This preparation contains the same bulk TSH preparation in the same formulation as the 3rd IS.

It should be noted that previous studies have demonstrated that this preparation is not fully commutable with patient samples in all TSH immunoassays (see references). Users are therefore encouraged to evaluate whether this preparation is appropriate as a calibrator for their chosen assay. Users may also seek to utilise a commutable TSH harmonisation panel available from the International Federation for Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine (IFCC) Committee for the Standardisation of Thyroid Function Tests (C-STFT) (https://ifcc-cstft.org/).

2. CAUTION

This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain.

The preparation contains material of human origin, and either the final product or the source materials, from which it is derived, have been tested and found negative for HBsAg, anti-HIV and HCV RNA. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory's safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

3. UNITAGE

11.7 milli-International Units (mIU) per ampoule.

4. CONTENTS

Country of origin of biological material: United States. Each ampoule contains the residue after freeze-drying of 1.0 mL of solution that contained:

2 µg purified human pituitary TSH extract 1 mg human serum albumin 5 mg lactose

5. STORAGE

Unopened ampoules should be stored at -20°C.

Please note because of the inherent stability of lyophilized material, NIBSC may ship these materials at ambient temperature.

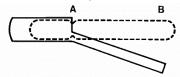
6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING

Tap the ampoule gently to collect the material at the bottom (labelled) end. Ensure ampoule is scored all round at the narrow

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part of the neck, with a diamond or tungsten carbide tipped glass knife file or other suitable implement before attempting to open. Place the ampoule in the ampoule opener, positioning the score at position 'A'; shown in the diagram below. Surround the ampoule with cloth or layers of tissue paper. Grip the ampoule and holder in the hand and squeeze at point 'B'. The ampoule will snap open. Take care to avoid cuts and projectile glass fragments that enter eyes. Take care that no material is lost from the ampoule and that no glass falls into the ampoule.



Side view of ampoule opening device containing an ampoule positioned ready to open. 'A' is the score mark and 'B' the point of applied pressure.

7. USE OF MATERIAL

No attempt should be made to weigh out any portion of the freezedried material prior to reconstitution

For practical purposes each ampoule contains the same quantity of thyroid-stimulatinghormone. The entire content of each ampoule should be completely dissolved in an accurately measured amount of buffer solution. The use of water to reconstitute ampoule contents is not recommended. The material has not been sterilized and the ampoules contain no bacteriostat.

8. STABILITY

Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperature-controlled storage facilities. Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label.

NIBSC follows the policy of WHO with respect to its reference materials.

9. REFERENCES

1. B Cowper, K Partridge, P Rigsby, A Lyle, H Vesper, K Van Uytfanghe, C Burns. 4th WHO International Standard for thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), human, pituitary. WHO/BC/2023.2454.

10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We acknowledge the contributions of Katleen Van Uytfanghe, Hubert Vesper and the wider IFCC C-STFT committee, the Centers for Disease Control and Preventention (CDC), USA, for dispatch of study materials, and the collaborative study participants. We also acknowldege AF Parlow and S Raiti for donation of the pituitary extract used to prepare the product.

11. FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information can be obtained as follows;
This material: enquiries@nibsc.org
WHO Biological Standards:
http://www.who.int/biologicals/en/
JCTLM Higher order reference materials:
http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jc/jctlm/
Derivation of International Units:
http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international_standards.aspx
Ordering standards from NIBSC:
http://www.nibsc.org/products/ordering.aspx
NIBSC Terms & Conditions:
http://www.nibsc.org/terms_and_conditions.aspx





12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK

Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

13. CITATION

In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET

Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

(EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified	
Physical and Chemical properties	
Physical appearance: freeze-dried powder	Corrosive: No
Stable: Yes	Oxidising: No
Hygroscopi Yes c:	Irritant: No
Flammable: No	Handling: See caution, Section 2
Other (specify):	
Toxicological properties	
Effects of inhalation: N	ot established, avoid inhalation
Effects of ingestion: Not established, avoid ingestion	
	ot established, avoid contact with
Suggested First Aid	
Inhalation: Seek medical advice	
Ingestion: Seek medical advice	
Contact with Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek	
eyes: medical advice	
Contact with Wash thoroughly with water.	
skin:	
Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal	
Spillage of ampoule contents should be taken up with absorbent material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an appropriate disinfectant followed by water.	

15. LIABILITY AND LOSS

biological waste.

In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC's Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About_Us/Terms_and_Conditions.aspx or upon request by the Recipient) ("Conditions") apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient's attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.



16. INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY

Country of origin for customs purposes*: United Kingdom
* Defined as the country where the goods have been
produced and/or sufficiently processed to be classed as
originating from the country of supply, for example a change
of state such as freeze-drying.

Net weight: 6 mg

Toxicity Statement: Non-toxic

Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable.

Attached: No

17. CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

NIBSC does not provide a Certificate of Analysis for WHO Biological Reference Materials because they are internationally recognised primary reference materials fully described in the instructions for use. The reference materials are established according to the WHO Recommendations for the preparation, characterization and establishment of international and other biological reference standards

http://www.who.int/bloodproducts/publications/TRS932Annex2_Inter_biolefstandardsrev2004.pdf (revised 2004). They are officially endorsed by the WHO Expert Committee on Biological Standardization (ECBS) based on the report of the international collaborative study which established their suitability for the intended use.

