Non WHO Reference Material
Working reagent for anti-MERS-CoV- antibody
NIBSC code: 19/180
Instructions for use
(Version 1.0, Dated 29/10/2020)

This material is not for in vitro diagnostic use.

1. INTENDED USE
The working reagent for anti-MERS-CoV antibody is the freeze-dried equivalent of 0.25 mL of pooled serum obtained from two individuals recovered from MERS-CoV infection. The preparation has been evaluated in parallel to the WHO International Standard for anti-MERS-CoV immunoglobulin G in an International Collaborative study (1). The intended use of the working reagent is as positive control or secondary standard in serological assays detecting anti-MERS-CoV IgG. The material has been solvent-detergent treated to minimise the risk of the presence of enveloped viruses (2).

2. CAUTION
This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain.

The preparation contains material of human origin, and either the final product or the source materials, from which it is derived, have been tested and found negative for HBsAg, anti-HIV and HCV RNA. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory’s safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

3. UNITAGE
The working reagent 19/180 was calibrated as part of the collaborative study for the establishment of the 1st WHO International Standard for anti-MERS-CoV immunoglobulin G (NIBSC cat. no.19/178) and was found to have an unitage of 424 IU/mL, with 95% confidence limits of 351 to 514, when reconstituted with 0.25 mL of water as indicated in paragraph 7.

4. CONTENTS
Country of origin of biological material: United Kingdom.
Each ampoule contains the freeze-dried equivalent of 0.25 mL pooled human serum.

5. STORAGE
The working reagent 19/180 should be stored at -20°C or below upon receipt.
Please note: because of the inherent stability of lyophilized material, NIBSC may ship these materials at ambient temperature.

6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING
DIN ampoules have an ‘easy-open’ coloured stress point, where the narrow ampoule stem joins the wider ampoule body. Various types of ampoule breaker are available commercially. To open the ampoule, tap the ampoule gently to collect material at the bottom (labelled) end and follow manufacturers instructions provided with the ampoule breaker.

7. USE OF MATERIAL
No attempt should be made to weigh out any portion of the freeze-dried material prior to reconstitution.
This material should be reconstituted in 0.25 mL sterile distilled water. Following addition of water, the ampoule may be left at ambient temperature for approximately 30 minutes until dissolved and then mixed thoroughly, avoiding the generation of excessive foam.

19/180 is a working reagent for measuring antibody titre of serological samples and report the results as IU/mL. If other in-house working reagents are used, they should be calibrated against the WHO International Standard (19/180).

8. STABILITY
Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperature-controlled storage facilities. Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label.

NIBSC follows the policy of WHO with respect to its reference materials.

9. REFERENCES

10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS
We would like to wholeheartedly thank the anonymous donors of the serum samples for their consent which has allowed this material to be prepared; we would like to express our gratitude to Dr Manki Song (International Vaccine Institute, South Korea) who, in collaboration with Prof. Yeon-Sook Kim (Chungnam National University Hospital, South Korea) coordinated the collection of the convalescent sera. The reference materials for MERS-CoV antibody wouldn’t have been possible without the Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations (CEPI), which conducted outreach to scientists in MERS-CoV-affected countries, and subsequently sponsored the sourcing and formulation of the candidate material.

11. FURTHER INFORMATION
Further information can be obtained as follows;
This material: enquiries@nibsc.org
WHO Biological Standards:
http://www.who.int/biological/en/
JCTLM Higher order reference materials:
http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jccltm/
Derivation of International Units:
http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international_standards.aspx
Ordering standards from NIBSC:
http://www.nibsc.org/products/ordering.aspx
NIBSC Terms & Conditions:
http://www.nibsc.org/terms_and_conditions.aspx

12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK
Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

13. CITATION
In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation’s title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET
Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical and Chemical properties</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical appearance: freeze-dried</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stable: Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hygroscopic: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other (specify): material of human origin.</td>
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### Toxicological properties

- Effects of inhalation: Not established, avoid inhalation
- Effects of ingestion: Not established, avoid ingestion
- Effects of skin absorption: Not established, avoid contact with skin

#### Suggested First Aid

- **Inhalation:** Seek medical advice
- **Ingestion:** Seek medical advice
- **Contact with eyes:** Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek medical advice
- **Contact with skin:** Wash thoroughly with water.

#### Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal

Spillage of ampoule contents should be taken up with absorbent material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an appropriate disinfectant followed by water. Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as biological waste.

15. **LIABILITY AND LOSS**

In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC’s Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About_Us/Terms_and_Conditions.aspx or upon request by the Recipient) (“Conditions”) apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient’s attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

16. **INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY**

- **Country of origin for customs purposes**: United Kingdom
- **Net weight**: 0.25 g
- **Toxicity Statement**: Non-toxic
- **Veterinary certificate or other statement** if applicable.
- **Attached**: No

17. **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

NIBSC does not provide a Certificate of Analysis for WHO Biological Reference Materials because they are internationally recognised primary reference materials fully described in the instructions for use. The reference materials are established according to the WHO Recommendations for the preparation, characterization and establishment of international and other biological reference standards http://www.who.int/bloodproducts/publications/TRS932Annex2_Inter_bi olefstandardsrev2004.pdf (revised 2004). They are officially endorsed by the WHO Expert Committee on Biological Standardization (ECBS) based on the report of the international collaborative study which established their suitability for the intended use.