Influenza Reagent
Influenza infectious virus IVR-190
NIBSC code: 18/226
Instructions for use
(Version 2.0, Dated 26/03/2019)

1. INTENDED USE
Reagent 18/226 is prepared from IVR-190 (A/Brisbane/02/2018 x A/PR/8/34) which was processed for freeze drying in 250μl volumes as described by Campbell, PJ. Journal of Biological Standardisation, 1974, 2, 249-267. The derivation and known passage history of IVR-190 is attached

2. CAUTION
This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain.

The material is not of human or bovine origin. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory’s safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

3. UNITAGE
No unitage is assigned to this material

4. CONTENTS
Country of origin of biological material: United Kingdom. Each ampoule contains 250μl (nominal) of infectious influenza virus as allantoinic fluid from SPF embryonated hen’s eggs.

5. STORAGE
Store in the dark at -20°C or below

6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING
Vials have a ‘flip-up’ circular cap. Either on the cap or the collar of the vial, there is an indication of the point at which to lever off the cap. This exposes an area of the stopper through which reconstitution and withdrawal of the preparation can be made using a hypodermic needle and syringe. If use of a pipette is preferred, then fully remove the metal collar using, for example, forceps, taking care to avoid cuts by wearing appropriate gloves. Remove the stopper for access. Care should be taken to prevent loss of the contents.

7. USE OF MATERIAL
Reconstitute the contents of one ampoule of reagent with 250μl of sterile distilled water. Leave for a minimum of 5 minutes before use to allow for complete solution of freeze-dried material. A range of dilutions (e.g. 10⁻⁸ to 10⁻¹) should be made in a suitable medium for initial cultivation.

8. STABILITY
Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label.

NIBSC follows the policy of WHO with respect to its reference materials.

9. REFERENCES
NA

10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS
NA

11. FURTHER INFORMATION
Further information can be obtained as follows;
This material: enquiries@nibsc.org
WHO Biological Standards;
http://www.who.int/biologics/en/
JCTLM Higher order reference materials;
http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jc/jctlm/
Derivation of International Units;
http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international_standards.aspx
Ordering standards from NIBSC;
http://www.nibsc.org/products/ordering.aspx
NIBSC Terms & Conditions;
http://www.nibsc.org/terms_and_conditions.aspx

12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK
Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

13. CITATION
In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET
Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical and Chemical properties</th>
<th>Toxicological properties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical appearance:  white powder</td>
<td>Corrosive: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stable: Yes</td>
<td>Oxidising: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hygroscopic: No</td>
<td>Irritant: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable: No</td>
<td>Handling: See caution, Section 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other (specify): Live influenza virus</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Effects of skin absorption: Not established, avoid contact with skin | Suggested First Aid |
| Effects of ingestion: Not established, avoid ingestion | Inhalation: Seek medical advice |
| Effects of inhalation: | Ingestion: Seek medical advice |
| Likelihood of influenza virus infection | Contact with eyes: Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek medical advice |
| | Contact with skin: Wash thoroughly with water. |

**Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal**
Spillage of contents should be taken up with absorbent material wetted with an appropriate virucidal agent. Rinse area with an appropriate virucidal agent followed by water. Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as biologically hazardous waste.

15. LIABILITY AND LOSS
In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents. Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC’s Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About_Us/Terms_and_Conditions.aspx or upon
request by the Recipient) ("Conditions") apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient's attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country of origin for customs purposes*: United Kingdom</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>* Defined as the country where the goods have been produced and/or sufficiently processed to be classed as originating from the country of supply, for example a change of state such as freeze-drying.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net weight: NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity Statement: Non-toxic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable. Attached: No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Derivation of IVR-190

A/Brissyome/02/2018 – like High Growth Reassortant

A/Brissyome/02/2018 (IVR-190, Lot VI-1636) is a H1N1 high growth reassortant influenza virus.

PREPARATION

The preparation of A/Brissyome/02/2018 (IVR-190, Lot VI-1636) high growth reassortant influenza virus was conducted in R&D Influenza Operations Department at Seqirus.

The high yielding parent strain used was A/Texas/1/77.

MATERIALS

The following materials of biological origin were used during the preparation of high growth reassortant IVR-190:

**Virus Isolate:**
The virus isolate was obtained from the WHO Collaborating Centre for Reference & Research on Influenza, Melbourne (WHO-CC).

Supply details are:
A/Brissyome/02/2018:
WHO-CC Storage Lot number: SL/1891429-1
Passages prior to receipt at WHO-CC: None
Passages undertaken in WHO-CC: 3

**Eggs:**
Specific Pathogen Free (SPF) eggs were used for all passages at Seqirus.

**Antiserum:**
Trypsin-periodate treated sheep hyperimmune antiserum Lot# AS348, Sub-lot # 4940, raised against influenza virus A/Texas/1/77.

The antiserum was derived from sheep born and raised in Australia.

*Note on Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies (TSEs):*
Australia and New Zealand have been declared TSE free in accordance with OIE guidelines. Detailed information on Australia’s animal health status can be obtained from the following Animal Health Australia website link: [http://www.animalhealthaustralia.com.au/programs/biosecurity](http://www.animalhealthaustralia.com.au/programs/biosecurity)

The trypsin used is 10x solution of gamma irradiated porcine pancreatic trypsin; Invitrogen / Gibco Cat # 15090046, Lot No. 160300024.
**PASSAGE HISTORY:**

**Mixed infection passage**  
A/Brisbane/02/2018 wild type virus  
@10^3 x A/Texas/1/77* (H3N2) @10^3  
\[\downarrow\]

**1st Antiserum Passage**  
Inoculum @ 10^3 with antiserum to  
A/Texas/1/77 (H3N2)  
HA titre = 226

\[\downarrow\]

**2nd Antiserum Passage**  
Inoculum @ 10^3 with antiserum to  
A/Texas/1/77 (H3N2)  
HA titre = 40 HA titre ≥ 1154 (with GPRBC)

\[\downarrow\]

**3rd Antiserum Passage**  
Inoculum @ 10^3 with antiserum to  
A/Texas/1/77 (H3N2)  
HA titre ≥ 1470

\[\downarrow\]

**1st Limit Dilution Passage**  
Inoculum @ 10^7  
HA titre = 844

\[\downarrow\]

**2nd Limit Dilution Passage**  
Inoculum @ 10^6  
HA titre ≥ 1194

\[\downarrow\]

**3rd Limit Dilution Passage**  
Inoculum @ 10^6  
HA titre ≥ 1810

\[\downarrow\]

**Preparation of IV-R-190**  
Lot VT-1636  
Inoculum @ 10^5  
Mean HA titre ≥ 854

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Total number of passages post mixed infection = 7

Total number of passages since this virus was received from an approved laboratory = 8

HA titres were determined using chicken red blood cells, or guinea pig red blood cells (where indicated) at room temperature.

*Texas/1/77 has been reassorted with A/PR8/34 and has all PR8 internal genes except PB1 (has Texas PB1).
# TESTING OF A/BRISBANE/02/2018 INFLUENZA VIRUS SEED LOT

(IVR-190, LOT VI-1636)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sterility (in accordance with EP/BP/USP)</td>
<td>Pass</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antigenicity</td>
<td>Pending</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genotype (by real time RT-PCR)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1:5:2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(A/Texas/1/77 : A/Puerto Rico/8/34: A/Brabant/02/2018)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Reassortant</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A/Texas/1/77 PB1 gene was detected</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A/Puerto Rico/8/1934 PB2, PA, NP, M and NS genes were detected.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A/Brabant/02/2018 (wild type virus) H1 and N1 genes were detected.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gene</td>
<td>A/Texas/1/77</td>
<td>A/Puerto Rico/8/34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H3</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N2</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H1</td>
<td>NT</td>
<td>√</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N1</td>
<td>NT</td>
<td>√</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PB1</td>
<td>√</td>
<td>NT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PB2</td>
<td>NT</td>
<td>√</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PA</td>
<td>NT</td>
<td>√</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NP</td>
<td>NT</td>
<td>√</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td>NT</td>
<td>√</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NS</td>
<td>NT</td>
<td>√</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infecivity EID50 [log10/0.2mL]</td>
<td>8.58</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appearance (Electron Microscopy)</td>
<td>The following morphologies were reported (in order of abundance): Lipid, whole virions (spheres, short filaments, small kidneys, medium filaments, irregular particles, long filaments).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

✓ - positive by PCR  X - negative by PCR  NT – Not Tested
Disclaimer:
The material i.e. high growth reassortant virus IVR-190 and the information provided in this derivation report are provided on an “as is” basis and as such without any warranty or representation of any kind (expressed or implied) including, without limitation, of satisfactory quality or fitness for a particular purpose.

Prepared by:
Lynda Allan
Senior Scientist
R&D Operations-Influenza, Seqirus
Date: 18/12/18

Authorised by:
Karen Laurie
Manager
R&D Operations-Influenza, Seqirus
Date: 16/12/16
**Passage history of IVR-190 (post mixed infection)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Passage</th>
<th>Lot</th>
<th>Laboratory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E5-E10</td>
<td>unknown</td>
<td>Seqirus, Australia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E11</td>
<td>VI-1636</td>
<td>Seqirus, Australia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E12</td>
<td>44250</td>
<td>NIBSC, Hertfordshire, UK</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sterility: No visible contamination was detected in a variety of media (tryptose soya broth, thioglycolate broth, Sabouraud's broth and blood agar plates) after 14 days incubation. The HA and NA sequence of this virus is available on GISAID with the accession number EPI_ISL_345252.