**WHO International Standard**

**1st International Standard for Bevacizumab**

NIBSC code: 18/210

**Instructions for use**

(Version 1.0, Dated 18/12/2020)

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1. **INTENDED USE**

The International Standard 18/210 is intended to support the calibration, characterisation and validation of assays used for assessing Bevacizumab and to support the establishment of in-house standards.

The standard was assessed in an international collaborative study (described in section 3), for in vitro biological activities of Bevacizumab.

2. **CAUTION**

This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain.

The preparation contains material of human origin, and either the final product or the source materials, from which it is derived, have been tested and found negative for HBsAg, anti-HIV and HCV RNA. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory’s safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

3. **UNITAGE**

**Bioactivity:** The preparation has been assigned the following arbitrary unitage per ampoule:

- 1,000 international units (IU)* of vascular endothelial growth factor 165 (VEGF165) neutralising activity.
- 1,000 IU of VEGF165 binding activity.

*These units are independent of the amount of VEGF165 used in various bioassays. For details regarding neutralising activity in terms of the 1st WHO Reference Reagent (RR) for VEGF165 (coded 02/286), see report referenced in section 9.

It should be noted that the neutralising activity may vary according to the assay format. Therefore, a relationship between the unitage of the WHO IS coded 18/210 and the activity assigned to in-house standards in the assay system in routine use should be established by the user.

Users should also note that the biological activity of VEGF165 is likely to vary between different suppliers and this should be controlled by use of an appropriate standard (e.g. WHO reference standard for VEGF165).

The Bevacizumab IS was tested in a multi-centre collaborative study involving 25 laboratories in 11 countries. Participants tested the IS using assays established in-house, and reported results for VEGF neutralisation (using endothelial cell proliferation, reporter gene and enzyme-fragment complementation) and binding assays (see reference in section 9).

It should be noted that the unitage or mass content of the standard should not be used to define the specific activity of Bevacizumab products for regulatory purposes nor to describe product labelling or dosage requirements. Furthermore, the standard and its unitage is not intended to serve any regulatory role in defining biosimilarity, and should not be inferred as serving this purpose.

4. **CONTENTS**

Country of origin of biological material: United Kingdom.

Each ampoule contains the residue after freeze-drying of 1.0 ml of a solution containing:

Bevacizumab, approximately 53 micrograms
- 25 mM tri-sodium citrate dihydrate
- 150 mM sodium chloride
- 1.0% human serum albumin

The Bevacizumab protein was expressed in CHO cells.

5. **STORAGE**

Unopened ampoules should be stored at -20°C. For economy of use, it is recommended that the solution be sub divided into aliquots and stored at -40°C or below. Avoid repeated thawing/freezing.

Please note: because of the inherent stability of lyophilized material, NIBSC may ship these materials at ambient temperature.

6. **DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING**

DIN ampoules have an ‘easy-open’ coloured stress point, where the narrow ampoule stem joins the wider ampoule body. Various types of ampoule breaker are available commercially. To open the ampoule, tap the ampoule gently to collect material at the bottom (labelled) end and follow manufactures instructions provided with the ampoule breaker.

7. **USE OF MATERIAL**

No attempt should be made to weigh out any portion of the freeze-dried material prior to reconstitution.

Dissolve the total contents of the ampoule in 1.0 ml of sterile distilled water.

Use carrier protein where extensive dilution is required.

Users should note that in rare instances interference due to excipients may occur if the IS is used at high concentrations (≥ 10 μg/ml).

8. **STABILITY**

Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperature-controlled storage facilities and they should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label. It is the policy of WHO not to assign an expiry date to their international reference materials. Accelerated degradation studies have indicated that this material is suitably stable, when stored at -20°C or below, for the assigned values to remain valid until the material is withdrawn or replaced. These studies have also shown that the material is suitably stable for shipment at ambient temperature without any effect on the assigned values. Once reconstituted, diluted or aliquotted, users should determine the stability of the material according to their own method of preparation, storage and use. Users who have data supporting any deterioration in the characteristics of any reference preparation are encouraged to contact NIBSC.

9. **REFERENCES**

This standard was produced under WHO guidelines cited in the WHO Technical Reports Series, No. 932, 2006, Annex 2.


10. **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

We are thankful to mAbxience for their gen...
12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK
Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

13. CITATION
In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical and Chemical properties</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not applicable or not specified</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical appearance:</td>
<td>Freeze dried powder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stable:</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hygroscopic:</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable:</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other (specify):</td>
<td>Contains material of human origin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corrosive:</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidising:</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Irritant:</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handling:</td>
<td>See caution, Section 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Toxicological properties

- Effects of inhalation: Not established, avoid inhalation
- Effects of ingestion: Not established, avoid ingestion
- Effects of skin absorption: Not established, avoid contact with skin

Suggested First Aid

- Inhalation: Seek medical advice
- Ingestion: Seek medical advice
- Contact with eyes: Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek medical advice
- Contact with skin: Wash thoroughly with water.

Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal

Spillage of ampoule contents should be taken up with absorbent material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an appropriate disinfectant followed by water. Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as biological waste.

15. LIABILITY AND LOSS
In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC’s Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About_Us/Terms_and_Conditions.aspx or upon request by the Recipient) ("Conditions") apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient's attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

16. INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country of origin for customs purposes*: United Kingdom</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net weight: 4.6 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity Statement: Toxicity not assessed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attached: No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

17. CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS
NIBSC does not provide a Certificate of Analysis for WHO Biological Reference Materials because they are internationally recognised primary reference materials fully described in the instructions for use. The reference materials are established according to the WHO Recommendations for the preparation, characterization and establishment of international and other biological reference standards http://www.who.int/bloodproducts/publications/TRS932Annex2_Inter_biolrefstandardsrev2004.pdf (revised 2004). They are officially endorsed by the WHO Expert Committee on Biological Standardization (ECBS) based on the report of the international collaborative study which established their suitability for the intended use.