

WHO International Standard 2nd INTERNATIONAL STANDARD FOR BLOOD COAGULATION FACTOR V, PLASMA, HUMAN NIBSC code: 16/374 Instructions for use

(Version 3.0, Dated 15/11/2018)

1. INTENDED USE

The 2nd International Standard for Factor V, Plasma, Human consists of ampoules, coded 16/374, containing approximately 1 mL aliquots of pooled normal human plasma, freeze-dried. This preparation was established in 2018 as the 2^{nd} International Standard for Factor V, Plasma, Human by the Expert Committee on Biological Standardization (ECBS) of the World Health Organization. Details of the value assignment are available in WHO document WHO/BS/2018.2341. The standard is intended to be used for the quantification of factor V clotting activity and antigen in human plasma.

CAUTION

This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain.

The preparation contains material of human origin, and either the final product or the source materials, from which it is derived, have been tested and found negative for HBsAg, anti-HIV and HCV RNA.

As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory's safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

3. UNITAGE

The standard was assigned values for factor V clotting activity and antigen through an international collaborative study involving 30 laboratories from 14 countries. The assigned values for clotting activity and antigen were calculated as the geometric means of results from 29 and 4 laboratories respectively.

Assigned values:

Factor V clotting activity 0.72 IU/ampoule Factor V antigen 0.75 IU/ampoule

Uncertainty: the assigned unitage does not carry an uncertainty associated with its calibration. The uncertainty may therefore be considered to be the variance of the ampoule content and was determined to be +/- 0.20 %.

4. CONTENTS

Country of origin of biological material: United Kingdom. The WHO 2nd IS for Factor V, Plasma. Human was n IS for Factor V, Plasma, Human was prepared from a plasma pool derived from 37 normal healthy donors (United Kingdom Blood Service, North London Blood Transfusion Centre). Blood was CPD-adenine collected using conventional venepuncture into anticoagulant at a nominal ratio of 63 mL anticoagulant to 450 mL whole The donations underwent leuko-filtration followed by two centrifugation steps after which the plasma was frozen rapidly and stored at -70 °C until the day of ampoule filling. Individual donations were tested and found negative for HBsAg, antibodies to HIV-1 and -2 and antibodies to HCV. The donations were also tested as mini-pools and found negative for the presence of HCV RNA using a PCR technique. On the morning of the fill the plasma units were thawed in a waterbath at 37 °C and pooled. A buffering agent HEPES (N-[2-Hydroxyethyl]piperazine-N'-[2-ethanesulfonic acid) was added to the pooled plasma at a final concentration of 40 mmol/L.

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The pooled plasma was distributed into glass ampoules at a mean fill weight of 1.0072 g (range 1.0000 - 1.0140 g) and coefficient of variation of 0.20%. Each ampoule underwent freeze-drying before being sealed in an atmosphere of dry nitrogen gas and placed into storage at -20 °C (1).

Unopened ampoules should be stored in the dark at -20 °C or below. Please note: because of the inherent stability of lyophilized material, NIBSC may ship these materials at ambient temperature.

DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING

DIN ampoules have an 'easy-open' coloured stress point, where the narrow ampoule stem joins the wider ampoule body. Various types of ampoule breaker are available commercially. To open the ampoule, tap the ampoule gently to collect material at the bottom (labelled) end and follow manufactures instructions provided with the ampoule breaker.

7. USE OF MATERIAL

No attempt should be made to weigh out any portion of the freeze-dried material prior to reconstitution

To reconstitute, allow ampoules to warm to room temperature. Open the ampoule following the directions given in section 6 taking care to ensure that all material is in the lower part, and reconstitute with 1.0 mL distilled or deionised water. Stand for 10 minutes at room temperature to allow complete disssolution of the material. It is recommended that the reconstituted standard is transferred to a stoppered plastic tube, stored on melting ice and used within two hours of reconstitution.

STABILITY

Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured temperaturecontrolled storage facilities and they should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label. It is the policy of WHO not to assign an expiry date to their international reference materials. Accelerated degradation studies have indicated that this material is suitably stable, when stored at -20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ or below, for the assigned values to remain valid until the material is withdrawn or replaced. These studies have also shown that the material is suitably stable for shipment at ambient temperature without any effect on the assigned values. Users who have data supporting any deterioration in the characteristics of any reference preparation are encouraged to contact NIBSC.

REFERENCES

1 Campbell P J (1974) J Biol Standardization 2, 249-267.

10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The colaborative study participants are gratefully acknowledged.

11. FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information can be obtained as follows; This material: enquiries@nibsc.org WHO Biological Standards: http://www.who.int/biologicals/en/ JCTLM Higher order reference materials:

http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jc/jctlm/ **Derivation of International Units:** http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international_standards.aspx

Ordering standards from NIBSC:

http://www.nibsc.org/products/ordering.aspx

NIBSC Terms & Conditions:

http://www.nibsc.org/terms_and_conditions.aspx





NIBSC Confidence in Biological Medicines

12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK

Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

13. CITATION

In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET

Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

Physical and Chemical properties		
Physical and Chemical properties		
Physical	Corrosive:	No
appearance: Freeze		
dried powder		
Stable:	Oxidising:	No
Yes		
Hygroscopic:	Irritant:	No
Yes		
Flammable:	Handling:	See caution, Section 2
No No	L	
Other (specify): Contains material of human origin		
Toxicological properties		
Effects of inhalation: Not established, avoid inhalation		
Effects of ingestion: Not established, avoid ingestion		
Effects of skin absorption: Not established, avoid contact with skin		
Suggested First Aid		
Inhalation: Seek medical advice		
Ingestion: Seek medical advice		
Contact with eyes: Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek		
medical advice		
Contact with skin: Wash thoroughly with water.		
Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal		
Spillage of ampoule contents should be taken up with absorbent		
material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an appropriate disinfectant followed by water.		

15. LIABILITY AND LOSS

biological waste.

In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC's Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About_Us/Terms_and_Conditions.aspx or upon request by the Recipient) ("Conditions") apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient's attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

16. INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY

Country of origin for customs purposes*: United Kingdom

* Defined as the country where the goods have been produced and/or sufficiently processed to be classed as originating from the country of supply, for example a change of state such as freeze-drying.

Net weight: 0.085 g
Toxicity Statement: Non-toxic

Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable.

Attached: No

17. CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

NIBSC does not provide a Certificate of Analysis for WHO Biological Reference Materials because they are internationally recognised primary reference materials fully described in the instructions for use. The reference materials are established according to the WHO Recommendations for the preparation, characterization and establishment of international and other biological reference standards http://www.who.int/bloodproducts/publications/TRS932Annex2_Inter_biol efstandardsrev2004.pdf (revised 2004). They are officially endorsed by the WHO Expert Committee on Biological Standardization (ECBS) based on the report of the international collaborative study which established their suitability for the intended use.

