



Influenza Reagent
Influenza Anti NIBRG-301 (H5) HA Serum (Sheep SH624 & SH625)
NIBSC code: 14/318
Instructions for use
(Version 1.0, Dated 22/04/2015)

1. INTENDED USE

Influenza antiserum reagent 14/318 is prepared in sheep for single radial diffusion assay of A/duck/VietNam/NCVD-1584/2012 antigens. An appropriate NIBSC reagent should be included in each assay

2. CAUTION

This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain.

The material is not of human or bovine origin. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory's safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

3. UNITAGE

No unitage is assigned to this material.

4. CONTENTS

Country of origin of biological material: United Kingdom.
The antiserum reagent was prepared in sheep SH624 and sheep SH625 to the purified HA of NIBRG-301 (a reassortant prepared by reverse genetics with HA and NA from A/duck/VietNam/NCVD-1584/2012 H5N1 virus). The HA antigen was extracted from purified virus by treatment with bromelain and purified by sedimentation on sucrose gradients (Brand, CN and Skehel, JJ, Nature, New Biology, 1972, 238, 145-147.

The immunisation schedule for sheep SH624 and SH625 was as follows: One dose of approximately 50 micrograms of HA with Freund's Complete Adjuvant was given intramuscularly, followed two weeks later with an approximate 10 microgram dose of HA with Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant (FIA), two further approximate 10 microgram doses of HA with FIA were given at weekly intervals. Five weeks after the initial immunisation, serum was collected and sodium azide (0.05% w/v) was added.

The serum was treated by maintenance of pH5.5 (or lower) for 30 minutes followed by restoration of the original pH. The serum from SH624 and SH625 was pooled and then diluted 1:1 with phosphate buffered saline containing sodium azide (0.05% w/v) and filled into vials in 2ml volumes.

5. STORAGE

+2-8°C

Please note: because of the inherent stability of lyophilized material, NIBSC may ship these materials at ambient temperature.

6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING

Vials have a 'flip-up' circular cap. Either on the cap or the collar of the vial, there is an indication of the point at which to lever off the cap. This exposes an area of the stopper through which reconstitution and withdrawal of the preparation can be made using a hypodermic needle and syringe. If use of a pipette is preferred, then fully remove the metal collar using, for example, forceps, taking care to avoid cuts by wearing appropriate gloves. Remove the stopper for access. Care should be taken to prevent loss of the contents.

7. USE OF MATERIAL

For the assay of antigens containing 20-50 micrograms of HA activity in 1ml, approximately 20µl of the undiluted Reagent should be added to 1ml agarose. It may be necessary to change the antiserum concentrations according to local laboratory conditions.

Antiserum Reagent 14/318 should be used according to the method described by Wood, JM, Schild, GC, Newman, RW and Seagroatt, VA. Journal of Biological Standardisation, 1977, 5, 237-247.

8. STABILITY

Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperature-controlled storage facilities. Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label.

NIBSC follows the policy of WHO with respect to its reference materials.

9. REFERENCES

N/A

10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

N/A

11. FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information can be obtained as follows:
This material: enquiries@nibsc.org
WHO Biological Standards:
<http://www.who.int/biologicals/en/>
JCTLM Higher order reference materials:
<http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jc/jctlm/>
Derivation of International Units:
http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international_standards.aspx
Ordering standards from NIBSC:
<http://www.nibsc.org/products/ordering.aspx>
NIBSC Terms & Conditions:
http://www.nibsc.org/terms_and_conditions.aspx

12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK

Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

13. CITATION

In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET

Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

| Physical and Chemical properties | |
|--|--|
| Physical appearance: straw coloured liquid | Corrosive: No |
| Stable: Yes | Oxidising: No |
| Hygroscopic: No | Irritant: No |
| Flammable: No | Handling: See caution, Section 2 |
| Other (specify): Contains sheep serum and sodium azide | |
| Toxicological properties | |
| Effects of inhalation: | Not established, avoid inhalation |
| Effects of ingestion: | Not established, avoid ingestion |
| Effects of skin absorption: | Not established, avoid contact with skin |



| Suggested First Aid | |
|--|---|
| Inhalation: | Seek medical advice |
| Ingestion: | Seek medical advice |
| Contact with eyes: | Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek medical advice |
| Contact with skin: | Wash thoroughly with water. |
| Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal | |
| Spillage of contents should be taken up with absorbent material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an appropriate disinfectant followed by water. Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as biological waste. | |

15. LIABILITY AND LOSS

In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC's Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About_Us/Terms_and_Conditions.aspx or upon request by the Recipient) ("Conditions") apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient's attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

16. INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY

| |
|---|
| Country of origin for customs purposes*: United Kingdom * Defined as the country where the goods have been produced and/or sufficiently processed to be classed as originating from the country of supply, for example a change of state such as freeze-drying. |
| Net weight: 2g |
| Toxicity Statement: Non-toxic |
| Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable. Attached: Yes Vet certificates. Plus FMD Inactivation Certificates and Storage Information sheet. |



STORAGE OF REAGENT 14/318

NIBSC has prepared a number of reagents for single radial diffusion assay of influenza subtypes of pandemic potential.

Since it is not known when these reagents may be required, it is desirable that they have an indefinite shelf life and they are stored at NIBSC in colder conditions than reagents prepared for the assay of epidemic strains. Therefore the recommended storage temperature marked on the label for reagent 14/318 is -20°C .

However it is assumed that a customer ordering this reagent, will use it within a short period similar to that for a conventional reagent. Consequently, this reagent is not normally shipped frozen and **the recommended storage temperature is $+4^{\circ}\text{C}$.**



Royal Veterinary College
University of London

Arturo Fernandez DVM MRCVS
Named Veterinary Surgeon
Royal Veterinary College
Royal College Street
LONDON
NW1 0TU

VETERINARY CERTIFICATE OF ANIMAL HEALTH

This is to certify that I have examined a Sheep with ear tag number: UK 0241 2690 1469 [Virology no. SH624], which has been used in the production of blood antiserum between 21st January 2015 and 25th February 2015. Both the ear tag number and the animals' record show that it is of UK origin.

This animal was a breeding Ewe which became surplus to requirements. In my opinion at the time of clinical examination, the ewe was in good health and showed no clinical signs of infectious disease.

Arturo Fernandez DVM MRCVS
Named Veterinary Surgeon

Arturo Fernandez DVM MRCVS
Named Veterinary Surgeons (NVS) Group
The Royal Veterinary College, Royal College Street, London NW1 0TU
Mobile: 07733 103881, E-mail: arfernandez@rvc.ac.uk



RVC

Royal Veterinary College
University of London

Arturo Fernandez DVM MRCVS
Named Veterinary Surgeon
Royal Veterinary College
Royal College Street
LONDON
NW1 0TU

VETERINARY CERTIFICATE OF ANIMAL HEALTH

This is to certify that I have examined a Sheep with ear tag number: UK 0241 2690 3023 [Virology no. SH625], which has been used in the production of blood antiserum between 21st January 2015 and 25th February 2015. Both the ear tag number and the animals' record show that it is of UK origin.

This animal was a breeding Ewe which became surplus to requirements. In my opinion at the time of clinical examination, the ewe was in good health and showed no clinical signs of infectious disease.

Arturo Fernandez DVM MRCVS
Named Veterinary Surgeon

Arturo Fernandez DVM MRCVS
Named Veterinary Surgeons (NVS) Group
The Royal Veterinary College, Royal College Street, London NW1 0TU
Mobile: 07733 103881, E-mail: arfernandez@rvc.ac.uk



Foot and Mouth Disease Virus Inactivation Certificate

This is to certify that serum collected from Sheep no. 0241 2690 1469 [Virology no.SH624] has been treated by an APHIS approved method for inactivation of Foot and Mouth Disease Virus. The treatment method used was maintenance of pH5.5 or lower for a minimum of 30 minutes.



Dr Philip Minor
Deputy Director
National Institute for Biological Standards and Control



Foot and Mouth Disease Virus Inactivation Certificate

This is to certify that serum collected from Sheep no. 0241 2690 3023 [Virology no.SH625] has been treated by an APHIS approved method for inactivation of Foot and Mouth Disease Virus. The treatment method used was maintenance of pH5.5 or lower for a minimum of 30 minutes.

Dr Philip Minor
Deputy Director
National Institute for Biological Standards and Control