



WHO Reference Reagent
Oral Poliovaccine Sabin Type 3 reference
NIBSC code: 10/168
Instructions for use
(Version 9.0, Dated 18/03/2024)

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1. INTENDED USE

Preparation 10/168 has been prepared for an international collaborative study involving the WHO Global Specialised Polio Laboratories. It is intended to be used in reference laboratories to measure the sensitivity of cell cultures for poliovirus infection.

2. CAUTION

This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain.

The material is not of human or bovine origin.

3. UNITAGE

The expected virus titre of 10/168 from preliminary experiments is as follows: 5.34 log₁₀ CCID50/0.1ml in RD cells, and 4.77 log₁₀ CCID50/0.1ml in L20B cells.

4. CONTENTS

Country of origin of biological material: Belgium.

Each vial consists of approximately 800µl of liquid containing Poliovirus Type Sabin 3 strain (RSO), in minimal essential medium without serum. Thermal stabilisers were not added to this preparation.

5. STORAGE

Unopened ampoules should be stored at -20°C or colder. Repeated freeze-thawing should be avoided.

6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING

Vials have a screw cap; an internal stopper may also be present. The cap should be removed by turning anti-clockwise. Care should be taken to prevent loss of the contents. Please note: If a stopper is present on removal of the cap, the stopper should remain in the vial or be removed with the cap.

7. USE OF MATERIAL

The 10/168 reference standard should be used to set up laboratory procedure to evaluate cell line sensitivity for poliovirus infection following WHO guidelines (see corresponding reference in section 9). It can also be used by laboratories seeking authenticated Sabin strains for other laboratory assays.

8. STABILITY

Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperature-controlled storage facilities. Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label.

The titre for 10/168 is tested regularly at NIBSC, and analysed for stability.

NIBSC follows the policy of WHO with respect to its reference materials.

9. REFERENCES

World Health organisation. 2004. Evaluation of cell line sensitivity. In Polio Laboratory Manual, 4th edition. WHO/IV04.10 Pages 73-80.

10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We acknowledge the assistance of the WHO Global Specialised Polio Laboratories in the analysis of this material

11. FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information can be obtained as follows;

This material: enquiries@nibsc.org

WHO Biological Standards:

<http://www.who.int/biologicals/en/>

JCTLM Higher order reference materials:

<http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jc/jctlm/>

Derivation of International Units:

http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international_standards.aspx

Ordering standards from NIBSC:

<http://www.nibsc.org/products/ordering.aspx>

NIBSC Terms & Conditions:

http://www.nibsc.org/terms_and_conditions.aspx

12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK

Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

13. CITATION

In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET

Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

Physical and Chemical properties	
Physical appearance: Pink liquid	Corrosive: No
Stable: Yes	Oxidising: No
Hygroscopic: No	Irritant: No
Flammable: No	Handling: See caution, Section 2
Other (specify):	
Toxicological properties	
Effects of inhalation:	Not established, avoid inhalation
Effects of ingestion:	Not established, avoid ingestion
Effects of skin absorption:	Not established, avoid contact with skin
Suggested First Aid	
Inhalation:	Seek medical advice
Ingestion:	Seek medical advice
Contact with eyes:	Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek medical advice
Contact with skin:	Wash thoroughly with water.



Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal

Spillage of ampoule contents should be taken up with absorbent material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an appropriate disinfectant followed by water.
Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as infectious biological waste.

15. LIABILITY AND LOSS

In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC's Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About_Us/Terms_and_Conditions.aspx or upon request by the Recipient) ("Conditions") apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient's attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

16. INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY

Country of origin for customs purposes*: United Kingdom * Defined as the country where the goods have been produced and/or sufficiently processed to be classed as originating from the country of supply, for example a change of state such as freeze-drying.
Net weight: 1.5g
Toxicity Statement: Toxicity not assessed
Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable.
Attached: No

17. CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

NIBSC does not provide a Certificate of Analysis for WHO Biological Reference Materials because they are internationally recognised primary reference materials fully described in the instructions for use. The reference materials are established according to the WHO Recommendations for the preparation, characterization and establishment of international and other biological reference standards

http://www.who.int/bloodproducts/publications/TRS932Annex2_International_standards_rev2004.pdf (revised 2004). They are officially endorsed by the WHO Expert Committee on Biological Standardization (ECBS) based on the report of the international collaborative study which established their suitability for the intended use.