



**Influenza Reagent**  
**Influenza anti B/Malaysia/2506/2004 HA serum (sheep 471,472 and 473)**

**NIBSC code: 07/184**  
**Instructions for use**  
**(Version 4.0, Dated 30/07/2015)**

**1. INTENDED USE**

Influenza antiserum reagent 07/184 is prepared in sheep for single radial diffusion assay of B/Malaysia/2506/2004 antigens. An appropriate NIBSC reagent should be included in each assay.

The antiserum reagent was prepared in SHEEP 471, 472 and 473 to the purified HA of B/Malaysia/2506/2004 virus. The HA antigen was extracted from purified virus by treatment with bromelain and purified by sedimentation on sucrose gradients (Brand, CN and Skehel, JJ, Nature, New Biology, 1972, 238, 145-147.

**2. CAUTION**

**This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain.**

The material is not of human or bovine origin. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory's safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

**3. UNITAGE**

No unitage is assigned to this material.

**4. CONTENTS**

Country of origin of biological material: United Kingdom.  
The immunization schedule for all sheep was as follows: One dose of approximately 50 micrograms of HA with Freund's Complete Adjuvant (FCA) was given intramuscularly, followed two weeks later with a 10 microgram dose including Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant (FIA), a further 10 microgram dose with FIA was given five days later; two further 20 microgram doses including FIA were given at weekly intervals. Six weeks after the initial immunization, serum was collected and sodium azide (0.05% w/v) was added.

The sera were pooled, and diluted 1:2.5 with PBS buffer containing sodium azide (0.05% w/v) and filled into vials in 2ml volumes. The mean weight of 61 vials tested was 2.05g with a coefficient of variation of 0.55%.

**5. STORAGE**

+2-8°C

**Please note: because of the inherent stability of lyophilized material, NIBSC may ship these materials at ambient temperature.**

**6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING**

Vials have a 'flip-up' circular cap. Either on the cap or the collar of the vial, there is an indication of the point at which to lever off the cap. This exposes an area of the stopper through which reconstitution and withdrawal of the preparation can be made using a hypodermic needle and syringe. If use of a pipette is preferred, then fully remove the metal collar using, for example, forceps, taking care to avoid cuts by wearing appropriate gloves. Remove the stopper for access. Care should be taken to prevent loss of the contents.

**7. USE OF MATERIAL**

For the assay of antigens containing 20-50 micrograms of HA activity in 1ml, approximately 15 -20µl of the undiluted Reagent should be added to

1ml agarose. It may be necessary to change the antiserum concentrations according to local laboratory conditions.

Antiserum Reagent 07/184 should be used according to the method described by Wood, JM, Schild, GC, Newman, RW and Seagroatt, VA. Journal of Biological Standardisation, 1977, 5, 237-247.

**8. STABILITY**

Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperature-controlled storage facilities. Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label. Once reconstituted, diluted or aliquoted, users should determine the stability of the material according to their own method of preparation, storage and use.

NIBSC follows the policy of WHO with respect to its reference materials.

Users who have data supporting any deterioration in the characteristics of any reference preparation are encouraged to contact NIBSC. Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperature-controlled storage facilities. Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label.

**9. REFERENCES**

N/A

**10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

N/A

**11. FURTHER INFORMATION**

Further information can be obtained as follows:  
This material: [enquiries@nibsc.org](mailto:enquiries@nibsc.org)  
WHO Biological Standards:  
<http://www.who.int/biologicals/en/>  
JCTLM Higher order reference materials:  
<http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jc/jctlm/>  
Derivation of International Units:  
[http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international\\_standards.aspx](http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international_standards.aspx)  
Ordering standards from NIBSC:  
<http://www.nibsc.org/products/ordering.aspx>  
NIBSC Terms & Conditions:  
[http://www.nibsc.org/terms\\_and\\_conditions.aspx](http://www.nibsc.org/terms_and_conditions.aspx)

**12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK**

Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to [enquiries@nibsc.org](mailto:enquiries@nibsc.org)

**13. CITATION**

In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

**14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET**

Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

Physical and Chemical properties	
Physical appearance: Liquid	Corrosive: No
Stable: Yes	Oxidising: No



Hygroscopic: No	Irritant: No
Flammable: No	Handling: See caution, Section 2
Other (specify): Contains Sheep Serum and Sodium Azide (0.05% w/v)	
<b>Toxicological properties</b>	
Effects of inhalation: Not established, avoid inhalation	
Effects of ingestion: Not established, avoid ingestion	
Effects of skin absorption: Not established, avoid contact with skin	
<b>Suggested First Aid</b>	
Inhalation: Seek medical advice	
Ingestion: Seek medical advice	
Contact with eyes: Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek medical advice	
Contact with skin: Wash thoroughly with water.	
<b>Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal</b>	
Spillage of ampoule contents should be taken up with absorbent material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an appropriate disinfectant followed by water. Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as biological waste.	

#### 15. LIABILITY AND LOSS

In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC's Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at [http://www.nibsc.org/About\\_Us/Terms\\_and\\_Conditions.aspx](http://www.nibsc.org/About_Us/Terms_and_Conditions.aspx) or upon request by the Recipient) ("Conditions") apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient's attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

#### 16. INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY

<b>Country of origin for customs purposes*:</b> United Kingdom * Defined as the country where the goods have been produced and/or sufficiently processed to be classed as originating from the country of supply, for example a change of state such as freeze-drying.
<b>Net weight:</b> 2g
<b>Toxicity Statement:</b> Not established
<b>Veterinary certificate or other statement</b> if applicable.
<b>Attached:</b> Yes SH471-472-473



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**COPY**

Dear Dr Newman,

**Veterinary Certificate**

I certify that I examined the following 3 mule ewes at Boltons Park Farm on 18 April 2007.

UK241512 5117 (SH 471)  
UK241512 5118 (SH 472)  
UK241512 5119 (SH473)

I found the following incidental findings during my clinical examination  
5117 (SH 471) incisors were worn.  
5118 (SH 472) incisors were worn

In my opinion, at the time of clinical examination, the ewes were all in good health and there were no clinical signs of infectious disease.

John Fishwick MA VetMB DCHP MRCVS  
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